| Addition <br> Year 1 |  |
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| Skills and Mental Strategies | Methods |
| Skills <br> Count forwards (one more) fluently in 1 s from any number up to 100. <br> Mental Strategies <br> Identify 1 more <br> Begin to quickly recall simple single addition facts such as $2+3=5,7+2=9$ <br> Know by heart number bonds to 10 and 20. | Must read, write and interpret statements involving addition. <br> For example $3+17=20$ <br> Calculate using a prepared number line to add one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20 , including zero. <br> Start to become familiar with calculating using a Hundred Square. <br> Down to add tens <br> Right to add ones <br> Objects / pictorial representations $+00=$ $\qquad$ <br> or <br> Problem solving <br> Solve problems involving missing numbers by using known addition facts (number bonds to $10 \& 20$ ) $\begin{array}{ll} 3+4=\square \\ 3+\square=7 & \square=3+4 \\ 7=\square+4 \end{array}$ <br> Real life problems: <br> Ben has 5 straws for the milk but he has 20 cartons. How many straws does he need altogether? Use concrete equipment to solve simple problems. |


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| Skils and Mental Strategies | Methods |
| Skills <br> Count forwards (one more) fluently in 1 s from any number up to 100 and beyond. <br> Addition can be done in any order (commutative) <br> For example $5+2+1=1+5+2=1+2+5$ <br> Mental Strategies <br> + 11 add ten; then add one <br> +9 add ten; subtract one <br> Have quick recall of simple single addition facts such as $2+3=5,7+2=9$ <br> Know by heart number bonds to 10, 20 and 100 (using multiples of 10). <br> Using knowledge of place value (partitioning numbers mentally) <br> add two digit + ones $\quad 23+6=29$ <br> add two digit + tens $\quad 23+30=63$ <br> add two digit +2 digit $\quad 23+34=57$ <br> add 3 one digits $\quad 4+5+2=11$ | Calculate using a Hundred Square to support place value. E.g. $23+31$ <br> Down to <br> Right to add add tens units <br> Find 23 on the number square. Add 30. Then add 1. <br> Calculate using a number line to add using 2 digit numbers. <br> Preparing for Column Addition $33+42=75$ $\begin{array}{r} T U \\ 30+3 \\ +40+2 \\ \hline 70+5=75 \end{array}$ <br> Problem solving <br> Solve problems involving using the inverse operation to check answers $13+\square=20 \text { so } 20-13=7 \text { also } 20-7=13$ <br> Overlap the shapes to work out what is remaining. <br> Real life problems (including quantities and measures): <br> Amina bought 25 metres of fabric for her curtain but needed 13 metres. What lengths of fabric did she buy altogether? Use concrete equipment to solve simple problems. <br> Real life problems (money) <br> Find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money. Simple problems involving adding the same unit ( $p$ or $£$ ). <br> Use of coins to support. |


| Gup Addition |  |
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| Skills and Mental Strategies | Methods |
| Skills <br> Count on 1s, 10s or 100s from any number under 1000. <br> Using numbers up to at least 100 solve complex addition problems E.g $146=100+40+6$ so $146=130+16$. <br> Mental Strategies <br> Find 10 or 100 more than given number <br> Split numbers to the nearest multiple of ten and then count on E.g. $27+36=$ $20+30=50$ $50+7=57$ <br> Split 6 into $3+3$ so $57+3=60$ then add 3 equals 63 . <br> Know by heart number bonds to 10, 20 and 100 (using multiples of 10). Use pairs of numbers that total 100 (and subtraction facts) E.g. $87+13=100$ also $100-13=87$ <br> Use knowledge of place value (partitioning numbers mentally) add a three-digit number and ones add a three-digit number and tens add a three-digit number and hundreds $\begin{array}{r} 123+6=129 \\ 123+30=163 \\ 123+200=323 \end{array}$ | Calculate using a Hundred Square. <br> Calculate using a number line to add using 3 digit numbers. $346+499$ <br> Column Addition <br> Use formal columnar addition to add up to 3 digits, including 1 dp . <br> 366 As addition is commutative, it doesn't matter which way round the numbers are. Add the bottom ones (units) to the top ones. If the number exceeds ten, carry this under the equals sign into the tens column. Then repeat as you work into the hundred column. Children may want to label $\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{T}$ and O to support methodology. Children will be expected to estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers. <br> Adding Fractions <br> Add fractions with the same denominator within one whole. $\frac{5}{7}+\frac{1}{7}=\frac{6}{7}$ <br> Measurement <br> Add lengths ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{mm}$ ), mass ( $\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{g}$ ) volume/capacity ( $(1 / \mathrm{ml})$. <br> Money <br>  including giving change). |


| Addition |  |
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| Skils and Mental Strategies | Methods |
| Skills <br> Consolidate and build on mental methods from Year 3 working beyond 1000. <br> Mental Strategies <br> Find 1000 more than a given number. | Column Addition <br> Add numbers with up to 4 digits using formal written methods. Estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation. <br> Adding Fractions <br> Add fractions with the same denominator beyond one whole. $\frac{5}{7}+\frac{6}{7}=\frac{11}{7}=1 \frac{4}{7}$ <br> Calculating perimeter <br> Calculate perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in $\mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{m}$. <br> Measurement <br> (2 step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why.) Add lengths ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{mm}$ ), mass ( $\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{g}$ ) volume/capacity $(1 / \mathrm{ml})$ <br> The green grocer has two sacks, one of potatoes that weighs 1500 g and one of onions that weighs 1 Kg . His display shelf will only hold a weight of 2250 g . What weight of vegetables will he not be able to put on the shelf? <br> Two-step problems <br> Solve problems involving fractions and decimals to 2 decimal places. <br> $£ 212.50+£ 111.72$ $\begin{array}{r} 212.50 \\ +111.72 \\ \hline \frac{324.22}{1} \end{array}$ |


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| Skils and Mental Strategies | Methods |
| Skills <br> Count forwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1,000,000. E.g. 21, 210, 2100, 21,000, 210,000, 2,100,000 <br> Mental Strategies <br> Add numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers <br> Count forwards with positive and negative whole numbers, including through 0 . | Column Addition <br> Add numbers with more than 4 digits using formal written methods. Estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation $\begin{array}{r} 12376 \\ +\begin{array}{r} 15237 \\ \hline \frac{27613}{11} \end{array} \text { so } \quad \begin{array}{r} 276{ }^{51} 3 \\ \underline{15237} \\ \hline 12376 \end{array} \end{array}$ <br> Use rounding up to 1,000,000 to nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10,000, 100,000, 1,000,000 to check answers. Extend to numbers with any number of digits and decimals (up to 3 decimal places). $124.912+117.250=242.15$ $\begin{array}{r} 124.912 \\ +\quad+17.250 \\ \hline \frac{242.162}{11} \end{array}$ <br> Adding Fractions <br> Add fractions with a different denominator beyond one whole. $\frac{3}{4}+\frac{5}{8}=\frac{6}{8}+\frac{5}{8}=\frac{11}{8}=1 \frac{3}{8}$ <br> Calculating perimeter <br> Calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in $\mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{m}$ Area of a rectangle $=$ length $\times$ width Area of a triangle $=1 / 2$ base $\times$ height where base $=3$, height $=2$ Area of Fig.(a) $=6 \times 4=24$ Area of Fig.(b) $=4 \times 2=8$ $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Area of Fig.(c) } & =1 / 2 \times 3 \times 2=3 \\ \text { Total area } & =24+8+3=35\end{array}$ Total area $=24+8+3=35$ square units <br> Missing measure questions such as those that can be express algebraically, For Example: $4+2 b=20$ for a rectangle of side 2 cm and bcm and perimeter of 20 cm Measurement \& Money <br> Solve multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why. Adding lengths ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{mm}$ ), mass ( $\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{g}$ ) volume/capacity ( $1 / \mathrm{ml}$ ) and pound and pence using decimal notation. <br> Carmen bought 7 books about animals costing $£ 1.10$ each, 2 books about outer space costing $£ 1.25$ each, and 3 books about trains costing $£ 2.50$ each. How much did Carmen spend on the books? |


| \% | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Addition } \\ & \hline \text { Year } 6 \end{aligned}$ |
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| Skils and Mental Strategies | Methods |
| Skills <br> Perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers. <br> Count in intervals of negative numbers across zero $-7,-4,-1,2,5,8,11 \ldots$ <br> Mental Strategies <br> Use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations | Column Addition <br> Use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy. Working up to10,000,000. <br> Use pencil and paper methods to add decimals to 3 decimal places. $124.912+117.250=242.15$ $\begin{array}{r} 124.912 \\ +\frac{117.250}{} \\ \hline \frac{242.162}{11} \end{array}$ <br> Adding Fractions <br> Add fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers using the concept of equivalent fractions. $1^{\frac{3}{4}}+4^{\frac{1}{8}}=5^{\frac{13}{8}}=6^{\frac{5}{8}}$ <br> Explore the order of operations using brackets $2+1 \times 3=5 \text { and }(2+1) X 3=9$ <br> Express missing number problems algebraically. $A=180-(a+c)$ <br> Find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation that has two unknowns. <br> Is (3-4) a solution to the equation $5 \mathrm{X}+2 \mathrm{Y}=7$ $\begin{aligned} & 5 \times 3=152 X-4=-8 \\ & 15+-8=7 \end{aligned}$ <br> Problem solving <br> Solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why <br> Use a number line to add positive and negative integers for measure such as temperature. <br> E.g. Find the difference between $11^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $-3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

